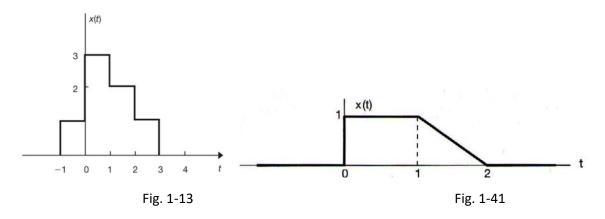
<u>Test 1</u>

Question 1

(a) Express the signal in Fig 1-41 below, as an addition/subtraction of unit step functions plus shifts.



(b) For the signal x(t) shown in Fig 1-13, transform it into x(-t+1)

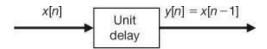
Question 2

The discrete-time system shown in Fig. 1-36 is known as the unit delay element. Determine whether the system is: (Answer <u>yes/no</u> for each part)

(a) memoryless,

(b) causal,

- (c) time-invariant
- (d) stable.



Question 3

2.30. Evaluate y[n] = x[n] * h[n], where x[n] and h[n] are shown in Fig. 2-23, by a graphical method (i.e. the quick method).

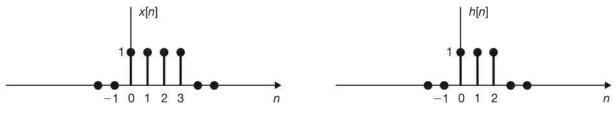
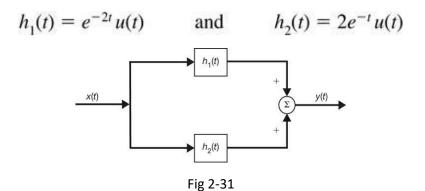


Fig. 2-23

Question 4

- (a) For the system shown in Fig, 2-31, find
 - a. The overall impulse response h(t) of the system
 - b. Is the system stable?



(b) Consider the system with impulse response as below. Find the input-output relationship.

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & n = 0, 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Test 1 - Solution

Question 1

(a)
$$x(t) = u(t+1) + 2u(t) - u(t-1) - u(t-2) - u(t-3)$$

(b) $u(t-1) - u(t-2) - u(t-3)$

Question 2

- (a) NO, since the output n depends on the input [n-1]
- (b) YES, since the output does not depend on future value [n+1]
- (c) YES, because

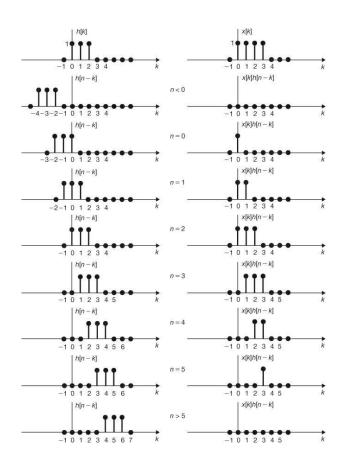
Let $y_1[n]$ be the response to $x_1[n] = x[n - n_0]$. Then

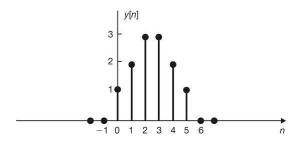
$$y_1[n] = \mathbf{T}\{x_1[n]\} = x_1[n-1] = x[n-1-n_0]$$
$$y[n-n_0] = x[n-n_0-1] = x[n-1-n_0] = y_1[n]$$

(d) YES, because

$$|y[n]| = |x[n-1] \le k$$
 if $|x[n]| \le k$ for all n

Question 3





Question 4

Part a

2.53. (*a*)
$$h(t) = (e^{-2t} + 2e^{-t}) u(t)$$

(*b*) Yes

Part b

2.63. y[n] = x[n] + x[n-1]