TEST2 SOLUTION 2024-25 Sem 1

Question 1 (20 marks)

Ultra-cap: Extreme high-power Extreme acceleration and regenerative braking

Metal Air: mechanical recharge Ultra-fast recharge by swapping the plates

Fly Wheel: High power from kinetic energy Assist acceleration and regen brake in formula E

Fuel Cells: High energy storage by H₂ Use gas (H₂) station infrastructure. Quick refuelling

Lithium Batt. Best overall performer Most prefer storage in EV, with all forms of charger.

Question 2 (20 marks)

(a)

1. When the temperature rises above the critical level.

- 2. When the battery voltage-rise (dV/dt) turns negative (i.e. voltage decline)
- 3. When the rate of temperature (T) rise (dT/dt) exceeds the alarm level.

(b)

- 1. More safe, durable, and reliable, due to absence of oil pipe, pump mechanics etc.
- 2. More energy efficient, because pump in electrohydraulic system needs to be on all the time.

Question 3 (20 marks)

- (a) 1. Battery swapping faster than recharging. 2. Can use night time charge for low energy cost
- (b) 1. Setup and running cost more expensive. 2. Complicate logistics on delivering/relocating of batteries.
- (c) Large vehicles that run on regular schedule and long trip: e.g. bus, intercity coach and trucks

Question 4 (20 marks)

CO: damage lungs cause permanent damage, even death

NO₂: cause Lungs damage and respiratory disease

Noise: affect daily lives of people living near the busy road.

Lead molecules: Cause brain damage

Solid substance (dust): cause dirty environment and human respiratory disease.

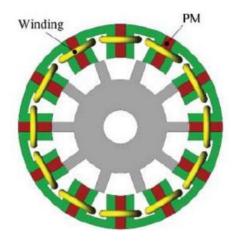
SO₂: Cause acid rain and water pollution

CO₂: Cause green house effect, extreme weather, temperature rise, and sea level rise.

(Choose 5 out of 7)

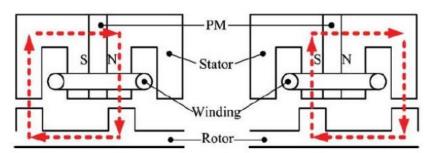
Question 5 (20 marks)

(a)



Adds a bit of explanation

(b)



Adds a bit of explanation

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